LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT LOS ANGELES COUNTY

REPORT ON AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION INCLUDING REPORTS ON COMPLIANCE

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

long beach unified school district



WEALTH ADVISORY | OUTSOURCING AUDIT, TAX, AND CONSULTING

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

District Board of Education Long Beach Unified School District Long Beach, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Long Beach Unified School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the aforementioned table of contents present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 16 to the financial statements, during fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. As a result of the implementation of this standard, the District reported a restatement for the change in accounting principle. Our auditors' opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of the District's pension contributions, and schedule of change in the net postemployment healthcare benefits liability and related ratios, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Instructional Time, Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, Reconciliation of the Annual Financial and Budget Report with the Audited Financial Statements and the Note to the Supplementary Information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The History and Organization, the Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis and the Schedule of Charter Schools have not been subject to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 14, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Glendora, California January 14, 2022

This section of Long Beach Unified School District's (LBUSD) annual financial report presents a discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Please read this special report in conjunction with the financial statements following this section.

ABOUT LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

Established in 1885 with fewer than a dozen students meeting in a borrowed tent, LBUSD now educates over 67,000 students in eighty-three (83) K-12 schools, one adult school, and two (2) charter schools in the cities of Long Beach, Signal Hill, Santa Catalina Island, the major portion of Lakewood, and unincorporated territory in Los Angeles County. As one of the largest school districts in California, LBUSD serves the most diverse large city in the United States, with dozens of languages spoken by local students. The District employs more than 10,000 full and part time employees, making it the largest employer in Long Beach. The Long Beach Unified School District has earned a reputation as one of America's finest school systems, winning many awards as a national model of excellence.

Financial Highlights

- Due to a change in accounting principle in 2014-15 fiscal year related to assigning proportional
 expense due to the STRS and PERS pension liability state-wide, the District's net position became
 negative. As the District continues to recognize the STRS and PERS pension liability, an increase
 in the net position serves to reduce the negative position.
- Overall revenues and other financing sources totaled \$1.268 billion or \$134.8 million more than expenditures.
- The District's total long term debt obligations, including amounts due in one year, decreased during the year by \$6.6 million. The decrease was attributable to repayments on general obligation bonds outstanding, offset by increased post-employment benefits and net pension liability. (See Note 7 on page 39).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, assigned and unassigned fund balances for the General Fund, including the reserve for economic uncertainties and the balance in the Special Reserve Fund for Other than Capital Outlay Projects was \$324 million or 34.66 % of total General Fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This financial report is presented in four parts: Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, the required supplementary information and the supplementary information. The financial statements included herein present these different views of District finances:

- The Government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial statements. These statements are provided at summary level within the Management's Discussion and Analysis for further review.
- The subsequent statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual components of the District, reporting in more detail on District-wide operations.
- Proprietary funds statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities that operate like a private enterprise, such as the Self-Insurance Fund.

The financial statements also include notes that provide explanations for more detailed information. The financial statements comparing the District's General Fund budgeted to actual amounts for the year are supplemented by a narrative on significant variances shown on page 70.

District-Wide Statements

Two District-wide statements report financial information using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The <u>statement of net position</u> summarizes the District's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the <u>statement of activities</u>, regardless of when the cash is received, or expenses paid.

The following District-wide statements report on the District's net position and how they have changed during the 2020-21 fiscal year. Net position – the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows – is one way to measure the District's financial health.

- Over time, increases or decreases in net position are an indicator of whether the District's financial position is improving or deteriorating.
- To assess the District's overall fiscal health, additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base, fixed assets, and the physical condition of school buildings and other facilities are taken into consideration.

Summary of Statement of Net Position

	 As of 6/30/2020	 As of 6/30/2021	Variance
Non-Capital Assets	\$ 1,058,276,060	\$ 1,101,411,581	4.08%
Capital Assets	1,600,155,226	 1,681,788,927	5.10%
Total Assets	 2,658,431,286	 2,783,200,508	4.69%
Deferred charge on refunding	12,756,938	11,744,802	-7.93%
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	24,965,237	33,540,264	34.35%
Deferred outflows of resources - pension contributions	226,923,919	213,401,372	-5.96%
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 264,646,094	 258,686,438	-2.25%
Current Liabilities	270,150,373	270,589,767	0.16%
Long-term Liabilities	2,878,375,427	2,878,730,213	0.01%
Total Liabilities	3,148,525,800	 3,149,319,980	0.03%
Deferred Inflows of Resources - pension	79,322,544	56,179,947	-29.18%
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 79,322,544	56,179,947	
Invested In Capital Assets, Net of			
Related Debt	414,816,007	491,944,278	18.59%
Net Position Legally Restricted	188,550,683	257,721,210	36.69%
Net Position Unrestricted	 (908,137,654)	 (913,278,469)	0.57%
Total Net Position	\$ (304,770,964)	\$ (163,612,981)	

The District's combined net position increased from \$(304) million at the end of 2019-20 fiscal year to \$(163) million at the end of 2020-21 fiscal year, with the negative positions due to the change in accounting principle from 2014-15 regarding the state STRS and PERS pension liability and the 2017-18 change in accounting principle regarding postemployment benefits.

Summary of Statement of Activities

	2019-20	2020-21	Variance
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$ 11,155,221	\$ 3,684,101	-66.97%
Operating Grants and Contributions	241,290,427	366,952,345	52.08%
Capital Grants and Contributions	8,333,227	33,250,569	299.01%
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	263,151,536	294,690,092	11.98%
Federal and State Aid Unrestricted	595,216,503	559,352,826	-6.03%
Interest, Investment and Miscellaneous	16,862,186	10,502,428	-37.72%
Total Revenues	1,136,009,100	1,268,432,361	11.66%
Instruction and Related Services	789,252,990	816,190,785	3.41%
Pupil Services	101,945,128	96,103,772	-5.73%
General Administration	42,633,217	47,118,698	10.52%
Ancillary, Community, and			
Enterprise Activities	9,807,640	13,408,147	36.71%
Plant Services	123,186,127	115,634,937	-6.13%
Debt Service	56,146,809	44,450,413	-20.83%
Other Outgo	605,088	661,692	9.35%
Total Expenses	1,123,576,999	1,133,568,444	0.89%
Change in Net Position	12,432,101	134,863,917	984.80%
Net Position, Beginning , Restated*	(317,203,065)	(298,476,898)	
Net Position, Ending	<u>\$ (304,770,964)</u>	<u>\$ (163,612,981)</u>	

^{*} The 2020-21 beginning net position was restated by \$6,294,066 for the implementation of GASB Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activiti* es. See Note 16 to the financial statements.

Total revenues between the 2019-20 and 2020-21 fiscal years increased 11.66%.

Revenues increased \$132.4 million, while expenses increased \$9.9 million. Operating Grants and Contributions increases were mainly due to federal and state assistance to schools related to the Pandemic. Capital Grants and Contributions increases were due to State School Facility Program Funds for modernization projects. Increased spending was related to the cost of retirement and health and welfare benefits, as well as off schedule salary increases approved in 2020-21. These increases were partially offset by decreases in pupil services, and plant services when schools were required to close due to the Pandemic.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's operations, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds and not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting entities used by the District to track specific sources of funding and their related programmatic spending.

- Most fund designations are defined in state law and regulations
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage resources committed to particular purposes or to show that resources are properly used for certain categories of revenues.

The District operates two types of funds:

- Governmental funds (see pages 16 and 18). Most of the District's basic instructional and support services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other assets can readily be converted to cash flow and (2) the amount of funds remaining at year-end for subsequent year spending. Therefore, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed, short-term view to assist the reader in determining whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs and activities.
- Internal service funds (see pages 21, 22 and 23). The District uses internal service funds to report proprietary activities that provide services to its other program activities. The District currently has one internal service fund the Self-Insurance Fund.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As the district completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$887.2 million, compared to last year's combined ending balances of \$853.1 million. The Building Fund ending balance decreased by \$83.8 million between years because of work on multiple projects including continuing a major modernization to Jordan High School, Wilson High School and Hughes Middle School air conditioning projects, as well as air conditioning projects beginning at other campuses and numerous smaller renovations and modernizations to sites.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget several times. Revenues for grants and entitlements from federal, state and local resources are budgeted as sources are identified throughout the year. Appropriations for expenditures are made throughout the year when new sources of revenue are identified.

Although adjustments to revenue and expense budgets are made throughout the year, actual revenues and expenditures differed from final budget amounts.

- Grants are budgeted to include amounts that will carry over for spending in the next year. Accounting rules require only the amount spent during the year to be recognized as income.
- Actual expenses in general reflected lower amounts than the final budget amounts. The balances that were generated by restricted grants and entitlements will become carry-over funds for the next year.
- The expenditure category of books and supplies includes amounts that are being held in reserve in the revised final budget.

Summary of General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Variance with

	Bud <u>ç</u>	geted Amounts	Actual	Revised Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Revised Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:				
LCFF Sources	\$ 663,285,87	75 \$ 721,193,782	\$ 721,193,782	\$ -
Federal Sources	89,695,24		109,586,689	(141,942,171)
Other State Sources	114,195,5	, ,	192,998,272	(17,437,145)
Other Local Sources	21,303,70	, ,	18,990,109	(3,107,252)
Total Revenues	888,480,3	1,205,255,420	1,042,768,852	(162,486,568)
Expenditures:				
Certificated Salaries	384,216,25	56 444,110,196	408,487,752	35,622,444
Classified Salaries	121,556,56	133,797,749	110,506,750	23,290,999
Employee Benefits	260,702,9	10 287,275,892	282,421,030	4,854,862
Books & Supplies	57,332,56	198,706,825	46,687,854	152,018,971
Services, Other Operating Expenses	114,950,19	118,180,554	85,109,100	33,071,454
Capital Outlay	1,286,72	26 1,672,140	2,151,914	(479,774)
Other Outgo	700,00	700,000	656,692	43,308
Direct Support/Indirect Costs:	(1,191,46	66) (1,580,865)	(1,238,416)	(342,449)
Total Expenditures	939,553,74	1,182,862,491	934,782,676	248,079,815
Net change in fund balance	\$ (51,073,3	<u>\$ 22,392,929</u>	107,986,176	\$ 85,593,247
Fund balance - July 1, 2020			302,513,908	
Fund balance - June 30, 2021			\$ 410,500,084	

Capital Assets and Long-Term Debt (See pages 38 and 39)

Capital Assets

By the end of fiscal year 2020-21, the District had invested \$2.25 billion in a broad range of capital assets, including land, land improvements, buildings, work in progress, vehicles, machinery and equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$110 million, or 5.12% over last year. This increase represents work on many projects, including continuing work on Jordan High School, multiple air conditioning projects specifically Wilson and Hughes, and numerous smaller renovations and modernizations to sites.

Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the District had \$2.96 billion in long-term debt. General Obligation Bonds accounted for \$1.53 billion, including related premium and accreted interest. The District's current bond rating is AA2. The remaining \$1.43 billion in long-term debt represents the value of accumulated employee vacation time, the net OPEB obligation and the net pension obligation.

Economic Factors That May Affect the Future

The local control funding formula (LCFF) for schools reached full implementation in 2018-19, two years ahead of schedule. The voters in California have shown support for education by passing Proposition 55 in November 2016, extending the personal income tax increase originally generated from Proposition 30 for an additional 12 years. This increased funding source will not expire until the year 2030. While this does not necessarily provide additional funding over current levels, it helps to stabilize current levels of funding for future planning and programs for students.

Federal and State one-time funds were made available to school districts to help fund the immediate needs for distance learning, social distancing, personal protective equipment, and additional disinfection at all sites. The decrease in taxes and revenues to the state may dictate reductions in school funding in the near future. If this occurs, significant financial struggles will return to the districts and difficult choices will need to be made.

In addition, Federal dollars are uncertain. Categorical programs, such as Title I, are being reduced based on decreased student eligibility and reduced per pupil funding. The district is continuing to experience declining enrollment; last year the district experienced over 3% decline. In normal years, the state holds districts harmless for ADA decline for only one year following the decline.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the reader with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact the Chief Financial and Business Officer, 1515 Hughes Way, Long Beach, California, 90810.

FUNDS AND DEFINITIONS OF ACCOUNTING TERMS

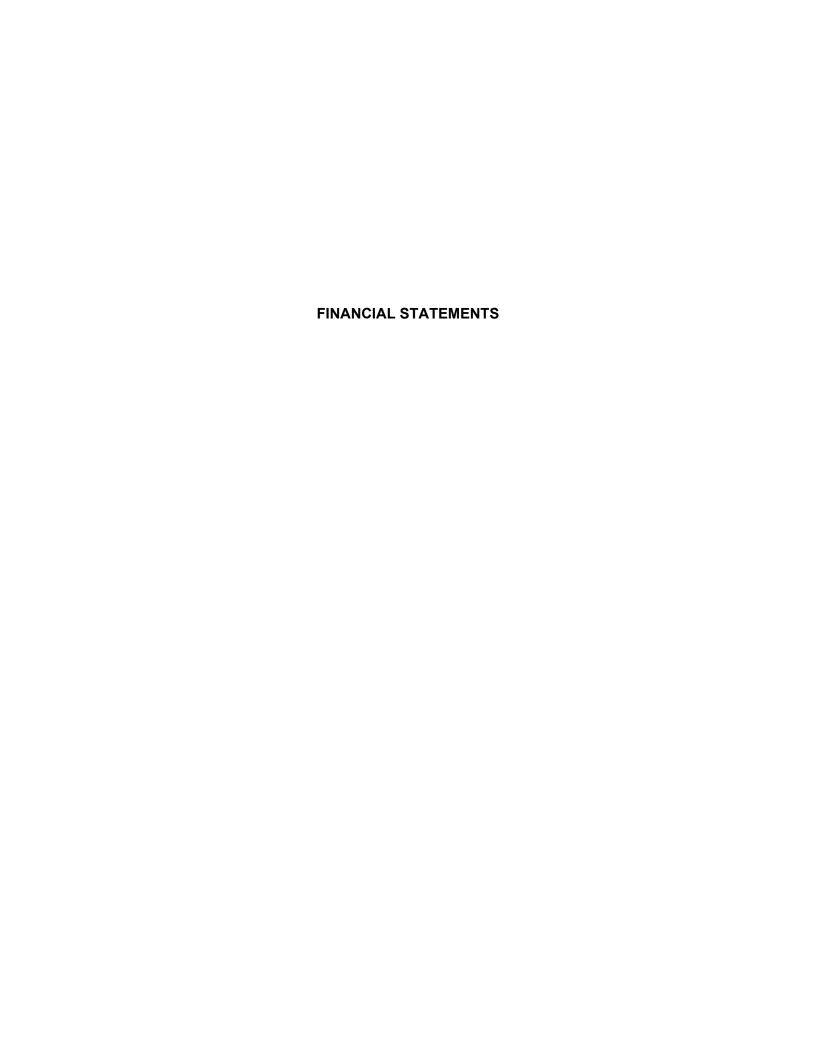
The General Fund is always reported as a major fund. Other governmental and enterprise funds are to be reported as **major funds** based on the following criteria:

- Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures of the individual governmental or enterprise fund (excluding extraordinary items) are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of the same category (i.e. governmental or enterprise funds), and,
- Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

Any other governmental or enterprise fund may be reported as a major fund if the governmental entity believes that it is particularly important to the readers of their financial statements.

General Fund: The fund used to finance the basic operations of a school district and to serve students in grades kindergarten through twelve. These resources are available for any legally authorized purpose of the District.

Building Fund: Established to hold funds generated for capital outlay projects. These resources may come from the sale of District facilities and property, from the sale of District bonds, from the sale of bonds by the state government or from the transfer of funds from the General Fund.



LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash in County Treasury	\$ 926,504,579
Cash on Hand and in Banks	10,626,521
Cash in Revolving Fund	1,393,490
Accounts Receivable:	
Federal and State Governments	143,699,892
Local Governments	1,773,888
Miscellaneous	13,313,515
Stores Inventory	1,907,266
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	2,192,430
Land	113,922,550
Construction in Progress	504,570,387
Depreciable Assets, Net	1,063,295,990
Total Assets	2,783,200,508
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Charge on Refunding	11,744,802
Deferred Outflows - Other Postemployment Benefits	33,540,264
Deferred Outflows - Pension Contributions	213,401,372
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	258,686,438
	200,000,400
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities	92,755,416
Accrued Interest Payable	22,100,538
Unearned Revenue	34,671,615
Estimated Liability for Open Claims and IBNR's	40,877,553
Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities:	
General Obligation Bonds	56,215,000
Compensated Absences	10,851,315
Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)	13,118,330
Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Liabilities:	
General Obligation Bonds	1,474,982,650
Compensated Absences	2,712,828
Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)	438,113,636
Net Pension Liability	962,921,099
Total Liabilities	3,149,319,980
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Inflows - Pension Costs	56,179,947
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	56,179,947
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	491,944,278
Restricted for:	431,344,270
Debt Service	69,546,211
Educational Programs	101,752,265
Capital Projects	33,138,132
Other Programs	53,284,602
Unrestricted	(913,278,469)
Total Net Position	\$ (163,612,981)

LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in
			Operating	Capital Grants	Net Position
	_	Charges	Grants and	and	Governmental
Functions	Expenses	for Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Governmental Activities:					
Instruction	\$ 690,939,941	\$ 160,512	\$ 225,601,567	\$ -	\$ (465,177,862)
Instruction - Related Services	125,250,844	71,455	45,590,847	-	(79,588,542)
Pupil Services	96,103,772	177,890	60,942,459	-	(34,983,423)
Ancillary Services	5,366,893	922	3,347,465	-	(2,018,506)
Community Services	7,500,055	405	277,998	=	(7,221,652)
Enterprise Activities	541,199	34	1,222	=	(539,943)
General Administration	47,118,698	18,604	7,891,663	=	(39,208,431)
Plant Services	115,634,937	3,254,119	23,085,025	33,250,569	(56,045,224)
Other Outgo	661,692	160	214,099	-	(447,433)
Debt Service - Interest	44,450,413				(44,450,413)
Total District	\$ 1,133,568,444	\$ 3,684,101	\$ 366,952,345	\$ 33,250,569	(729,681,429)
	General Revenues:				
	Property Taxes Le				400 445 057
	General Purpose	es			182,145,057
	Debt Service				101,930,314
	Other Specific Po	•	D :fi - D		10,614,721
		Aid Not Restricted to S	Specific Purposes		559,352,826
	Interest and Invest	ment Earnings			2,330,718
	Miscellaneous	Revenues and Special	Itoms		8,171,710 864,545,346
		·	items		
	CHANGE IN NET PO	OSITION			134,863,917
	Net Position - Beginr	ning of Year, Restated	(Note 16)		(298,476,898)
	NET POSITION - EN	ND OF YEAR			\$ (163,612,981)

LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	General Fund	Building Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS	Contrain and		<u> </u>	T dilide
Cash in County Treasury	\$ 386,259,890	\$ 318,242,184	\$ 133,849,840	\$ 838,351,914
Cash on Hand and in Banks	-	-	10,626,262	10,626,262
Cash in Revolving Fund	392,050	-	1,440	393,490
Accounts Receivable:				
Federal and State				
Governments	133,596,517	-	10,103,375	143,699,892
Local Governments	1,773,888	-	-	1,773,888
Miscellaneous	12,055,591	722,171	262,270	13,040,032
Due from Other Funds	12,267,628	-	-	12,267,628
Stores Inventory	899,577	-	1,007,689	1,907,266
Prepaid Expenditures and	-	-	-	-
Other Assets	1,494,063		698,367	2,192,430
Total Assets	\$ 548,739,204	\$ 318,964,355	\$ 156,549,243	\$ 1,024,252,802
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ 53,792,448	\$ 34,300,069	\$ 2,051,957	\$ 90,144,474
Due to Other Funds	-	251,588	12,000,703	12,252,291
Unearned Revenue	34,352,201		319,414	34,671,615
Total Liabilities	88,144,649	34,551,657	14,372,074	137,068,380
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	2,736,976	_	1,019,398	3,756,374
Restricted	91,722,004	284,412,698	141,157,771	517,292,473
Committed	42,100,000	· · ·	· · ·	42,100,000
Assigned	50,094,472	_	_	50,094,472
Unassigned	273,941,103	-	-	273,941,103
Total Fund Balances	460,594,555	284,412,698	142,177,169	887,184,422
Total Liabilities and				
Fund Balances	\$ 548,739,204	\$ 318,964,355	\$ 156,549,243	\$ 1,024,252,802

LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 887,184,422
Amounts reported for governmental funds are different than the statement of net position because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$2,253,018,951 and the accumulated		
depreciation is \$571,268,709. The net value of capital assets is:		1,681,788,927
The accrued interest for general obligation bonds is:		(22,100,538)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		
General obligation bonds principal payable Unmatured premium general obligation bonds Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Compensated absences payable Net other postemployment benefits obligation Net pension liability	\$ (1,410,589,702) (75,412,447) (45,195,501) (13,564,143) (451,231,966) (962,921,099)	(2,958,914,858)
In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources are reported:		
Deferred outflows - pensions Deferred outflows - other post employment benefits Deferred inflows - pensions Deferred charge on refunding to be amortized over the life of the	213,401,372 33,540,264 (56,179,947)	202 502 404
refunded or refunding debt	11,744,802	202,506,491
An internal service fund is used by the District to manage its Self-Insurance Fund. The assets and liabilities of the Self-Insurance Fund are included under governmental		
activities in the statement of net assets.		45,922,575
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ (163,612,981)

LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	General Fund	Building Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Local Control Funding				
Formula Sources:	4 500 000 000	•	•	A 500 000 000
State Apportionments Local Sources	\$ 539,893,869	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 539,893,869
Total Local Control Funding	181,299,913			181,299,913
Formula Sources	721,193,782			721,193,782
Federal Sources	109,586,689	-	60,885,596	170,472,285
Other State Sources	192,998,272	_	46,660,391	239,658,663
Other Local Sources	19,262,496	1,996,788	119,922,484	141,181,768
Total Revenues	1,043,041,239	1,996,788	227,468,471	1,272,506,498
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	603,220,887	-	27,860,592	631,081,479
Instruction - Related Services	111,524,548	-	6,519,395	118,043,943
Pupil Services	71,334,582	-	26,403,330	97,737,912
Ancillary Services	2,281,782	-	2,972,822	5,254,604
Community Services	7,018,915	-	-	7,018,915
Enterprise Activities	485,405	-	-	485,405
General Administration	43,037,270	-	1,431,617	44,468,887
Plant Services	95,222,595	119,016,905	7,726,572	221,966,072
Other Outgo	656,692	5,000	-	661,692
Debt Service		-	117,999,160	117,999,160
Total Expenditures	934,782,676	119,021,905	190,913,488	1,244,718,069
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	108,258,563	(117,025,117)	36,554,983	27,788,429
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Interfund Transfers In	-	33,250,569	-	33,250,569
Interfund Transfers Out		-	(33,250,569)	(33,250,569)
Total Other Financing Sources		33,250,569	(33,250,569)	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	108,258,563	(83,774,548)	3,304,414	27,788,429
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year, as				
Originally Stated Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting	352,335,992	368,187,246	132,578,689	853,101,927
Principle (Note 16)			6,294,066	6,294,066
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR,				
AS RESTATED	352,335,992	368,187,246	138,872,755	859,395,993
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 460,594,555	\$ 284,412,698	\$ 142,177,169	\$ 887,184,422

LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 27,788,429

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital outlay	\$	114,878,145
Write-off for canceled capital projects		(4,850,999)
Depreciation expense	_	(28,361,984)

Excess (deficiency) of capital outlay over depreciation expense

81,665,162

Gain or loss from disposal of capital assets: In governmental funds, the entire proceeds from disposed assets are recorded as revenue. In the statement of activities, only the resulting gain or loss is reported. The difference between the proceeds from disposal of capital assets and the resulting loss were:

(31,461)

Governmental funds report the repayment of bond principal and interest when payments are due. In the statement of activities, bond principal is eliminated and reported as a reduction in debt in the statement of net position, and interest is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is due. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of general obligation bonds and related items is as follows:

Repayment of bond principal	63,381,000
Net increase in accreted interest	(7,075,895)
Bond premium, current year amortization	16,900,255
Decrease in deferred charge on refunding	(1,012,136)
Decrease in accrued interest expense	1,355,523_
Change in bond activity	

In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses - are measured by the amount of financial resources used compensated absences (vacations), - are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds however, expenditures for these items (essentially, the amounts actually paid). During this year, vacation payable increased by:

(518,883)

73,548,747

LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

An internal service fund is used by the District to manage the Self-Insurance Fund. The net income is reported with governmental activities.

\$ 264,751

Certain items such as postemployment benefits other than pensions reported in the statement of activities do not result in, or require, the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as revenue or expenditures in governmental funds.

(16,938,123)

In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made, but in the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. The difference between accrual basis pension costs and actual employer contribution was:

(30,914,705)

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 134,863,917

LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2021

	Governmental
	Activities
	Internal
	Service Fund
	Self-Insurance
	Fund
ASSETS	
Cash in County Treasury	\$ 88,152,665
Cash in Revolving Fund	1,000,000
Cash on Hand and in Banks	259
Accounts Receivable:	
Miscellaneous	273,483
Total Assets	89,426,407
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	2,610,942
Due to Other Funds	15,337
Estimated Liability for Open Claims	15,557
Incurred But Not Recorded	40 977 553
Total Liabilities	40,877,553
i otai Liabilities	43,503,832
NET POSITION	
Restricted	45,922,575
Total Net Position	\$ 45,922,575

LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities
	Internal
	Service Fund
	Self-Insurance
	Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	
Self-Insurance Premiums	\$ 76,030,524
Total Operating Revenues	76,030,524
OPERATING EXPENDITURES	
Salaries	162,148
Benefits	82,085
Payments for Supplies, Claims, Premiums, and Administrative Uses	75,865,331
Total Operating Expenditures	76,109,564
NET OPERATING LOSS	(79,040)
NONOPERATING REVENUE	
Interest Income	343,791
Total Nonoperating Revenue	343,791
	ŕ
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	264,751
Net Position - Beginning of Year	45,657,824
	* 45.000.555
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 45,922,575

LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Governmental
	Activities
	Internal
	Service Fund
	Self-Insurance
	Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	.
Cash Received from Premiums and Other Revenues	\$ 77,133,641
Cash Paid for Operating Expenditures	(78,759,150)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	(1,625,509)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest Income	343,791
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	343,791
NET DECREASE IN CASH	(1,281,718)
	(, , , ,
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2020	90,434,642
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - JUNE 30, 2021	\$ 89,152,924
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH	
USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating Loss	\$ (79,040)
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:	,
Accounts Receivable	203,117
Due from Other Funds	900,000
Accounts Payable	1,029,607
Estimated Liability for Open Claims Incurred	
but Not Recorded	(3,694,530)
Due to Other Funds	15,337
Total Adjustments	(1,546,469)
	* (4.005.500)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$ (1,625,509)
CASH BALANCES CONSISTED OF THE FOLLOWING	
Cash in County Treasury	\$ 88,152,665
Cash in Revolving Fund	1,000,000
Cash on Hand and in Banks	259
Total Cash	\$ 89,152,924

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The District accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the California Department of Education's California School Accounting Manual, updated to conform to the most current financial and reporting requirements promulgated by the California Department of Education. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The significant accounting policies applicable to the District are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GAAP as prescribed by GASB. The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting and the fund financial statements are prepare using the current measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. The financial statement presentation required by GASB provides a comprehensive, entity-wide perspective of the District's financial activities.

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position, a statement of activities, and fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities displays information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, including governmental activities of proprietary funds.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. Depreciation has been allocated to specific functions while interest expense has not been allocated to specific functions.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

aggregated and presented in a single column. Proprietary funds are reported by type.

The fund financial statement expenditures are presented in a function-oriented format. The following is a brief description of the functions:

Instruction: includes the activities directly dealing with the interaction between teachers and students.

Instruction-Related Services: includes supervision of instruction, instructional library, media and technology, and school site administration.

Pupil Services: includes home to school transportation, food services, and other pupil services.

Ancillary Services: includes activities that are generally designed to provide students with experiences outside the regular school day.

Community Services: includes activities that provide services to community participants other than students.

Enterprise Activities: includes activities that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the stated intent is that the costs are financed or recovered primarily through user charges. This function is used with self-insurance funds and retiree benefit funds.

General Administration: includes data processing services and all other general administration services.

Plant Services: includes activities of maintaining the physical plant. This also includes facilities acquisition and construction expenditures.

Other Outgo: includes transfers to other agencies.

Debt Service: includes principal and interest payments for long-term debt.

The proprietary and fiduciary fund expenses are presented by natural classification.

Fund Accounting

To ensure compliance with the California Education Code, the financial resources of the District are divided into separate funds for which separate accounts are maintained for recording cash, other resources and all related liabilities, obligations, and equities.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Accounting (Continued)

The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance are statements of financial activities of the particular fund related to the current reporting period. Expenditures of the various funds frequently include amounts for land, buildings, equipment, retirement of indebtedness, transfers to other funds, etc. Consequently, these statements do not purport to present the result of operations or the net income or loss for the period as would a statement of income for a profit-type organization.

Governmental Funds - Major

General Fund: used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Special Reserve Fund for Other than Capital Outlay Projects does not meet the definition of a special revenue fund as it is not primarily composed of restricted or committed revenue sources. Balances in the Payroll Clearance Fund no longer meet the definition of fiduciary activities. Therefore, balances and activities of these funds are reported in the General Fund.

Building Fund: used to account for the proceeds of Measure A, Measure K, and Measure E General Obligation Bonds.

<u>Governmental Funds – Nonmajor</u>

Special Revenue Funds: used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Student Activity Fund: used to account for raising and expending money to promote the general welfare, morale, and educational experiences of the student body. The District operates 36 organized Associated Student Bodies.

Adult Education Fund: used to account for resources restricted or committed to adult education programs maintained by the District.

Child Development Fund: used to account for resources committed to child development programs.

Cafeteria Fund: used to account for revenues received and expenditures made to operate the District's food and nutrition service program.

Capital Projects Funds: used to account for the financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned for the acquisition and/or construction of major governmental general fixed assets.

Capital Facilities Fund: used to account for resources received from residential and commercial developer impact fees.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Governmental Funds – Nonmajor (Continued)

County School Facilities Fund: used to account for the School Facility Program grants award for modernization and new construction of various school sites.

Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects: used to account for specific board-approved capital expenditures.

Debt Service Fund: used to account for the financial resources that are restricted and the accumulation of resources for, the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund: used to account for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation funds.

Proprietary Fund

Self-Insurance Fund: used to account for services rendered on a cost–reimbursement basis within the District. The Self–Insurance Fund consists of Health, Vision and Dental Insurance and Workers' Compensation Insurance Programs – used to account for resources committed to the District's health, vision, dental and workers' compensation insurance programs. This fund is also used to account for retiree health care costs and reserves for future payments related to other postemployment benefits and to account for resources committed to the District's self–insurance program for property loss or damage.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. Revenues in governmental fund financial statements are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, with exception of state apportionment, interest and reimbursement grants which are considered available as collectible within one year.

Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of unearned revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash in the county treasury is recorded at cost, which approximates fair value.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Receivables

Receivables are generally recorded when the amount is earned and can be estimated. All material receivables are considered fully collectible.

Stores Inventory

Stores inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on an average basis and are expensed when used. Stores inventory consists primarily of expendable supplies held for consumption. At June 30, 2021, the inventory for supplies is \$899,577. The inventory for food is \$976,658. The inventory for sale by the associated student activity fund is \$31,031.

Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets

Prepaid Expenses

Payments made to vendors for goods or services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2021, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year in which goods or services are consumed.

Other Current Assets

Investments held in the associated student body fund are reported at fair value.

Capital Assets

Generally, capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities' column of the statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined by GASB. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets except for land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements	50 Years
Land Improvements	20 Years
Furniture and Equipment	5 to 20 Years
Vehicles	6 Years

Depreciation expense reported on the government-wide statement of activities excludes direct depreciation expense recorded to functions where applicable.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period and will not be recognized as revenue until then. These amounts are reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

Deferred Charge on Refunding: A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows – Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB): The deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB benefits results from actuarially determined changes to the OPEB plan. The amounts will be deferred and amortized as detailed in Note 10 to the financial statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows – Pensions: The deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions resulted from District contributions to employee pension plans subsequent to the measurement date of the actuarial valuations for the pension plans and the effects of actuarially-determined changes to the pension plan. These amounts are deferred and amortized as detailed in Note 11 to the financial statements.

Unearned Revenue

Cash received for federal and state special projects and programs is recognized as revenue to the extent that qualified expenditures have been incurred. Unearned revenue is recorded to the extent cash received on specific projects and programs exceed qualified expenditures.

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are recognized as a liability when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Sick leave benefits are accumulated without limit for each employee. The employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave, therefore, accumulated employee sick leave benefits are not recognized as a liability of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken. However, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Obligations

The District reports long-term debt of governmental funds at face value in the government-wide financial statements. Long-term debt and other obligations financed by proprietary funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate funds.

Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. General obligation bonds are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

Net Pension Liability

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan for schools (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on use through external restrictions imposed by donors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments or by enabling legislation adopted by the District. All other net position not in these categories is reported as unrestricted.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance Classification

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District Board of Education. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same formal action (vote or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. The District Board of Education, through a formal action has given authority to the Chief Business and Financial Officer or designee to assign amounts for a specific purpose that is neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund and all other spendable amounts.

Spending Order Policy

The District considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position or fund balance is available.

When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District's policy considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the District Board of Education has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment functions.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The District has adopted a minimum fund balance policy in order to protect against revenue shortfalls and unexpected one-time expenditures. The policy requires a reserve for economic uncertainties consisting of unassigned amounts which represent the minimum recommended reserve consistent with the criteria and standards for fiscal solvency adopted by the State Board of Education. The minimum recommended reserve for a district this size is 2% of budgeted General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

State Apportionments

Certain current year apportionments from the state are based upon various financial and statistical information of the previous year. Second period to annual corrections for local control funding formula and other state apportionments (either positive or negative) are accrued at the end of the fiscal year.

Property Taxes

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31.

Real and personal property tax revenues are reported in the same manner in which the county auditor records and reports actual property tax receipts to the California Department of Education. This is generally on a cash basis. A receivable has not been recognized in the General Fund for property taxes due to the fact that any receivable is offset by a payable to the state for local control funding formula purposes. Property taxes for debt service purposes have been accrued in the Government-wide financial statements.

On-Behalf Payments

GAAP requires that direct on-behalf payments for fringe benefits and salaries made by one entity to a third-party recipient for the employees of another, legally separate entity be recognized as revenue and expenditures by the employer government. The State of California makes direct on-behalf payments for retirement benefits to the State Teachers' Retirement System on behalf of all school districts in California. Contributions made during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 totaled \$50,062,175. The amount of on-behalf payments made for the District has been recorded in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Classification of Revenues – Proprietary Fund

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues from nonoperating revenues. Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, such as food service sales, federal and most state and local grants and contracts, and self-insurance premiums. Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions that are defined as nonoperating revenues by GASB.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Reporting Entity

The District is the level of government primarily accountable for activities related to public education. The governing authority consists of elected officials who, together, constitute the District Board of Education.

The District considered its financial and operational relationships with potential component units under the reporting entity definition of GASB. The basic, but not the only, criterion for including another organization in the District's reporting entity for financial reports is the ability of the District's elected officials to exercise oversight responsibility over such agencies. Oversight responsibility implies that one entity is dependent on another and a financial benefit or burden relationship is present and that the dependent unit should be reported as part of the other.

Oversight responsibility is derived from the District's power and includes but is not limited to financial interdependency; selection of governing authority; designation of management; ability to significantly influence operations; and accountability for fiscal matters.

Due to the nature and significance of their relationship with the District, including ongoing financial support of the District or its other component units, certain organizations warrant inclusion as part of the financial reporting entity. A legally separate, tax-exempt organization should be reported as a component unit of the District if all of the following criteria are met:

- The economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the District, its component units, or its constituents.
- The District, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization.
- The economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the District, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to the District.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Reporting Entity (Continued)

Based upon the application of the criteria listed above, the following potential component units have been excluded from the District's reporting entity:

Long Beach Education Foundation: The Foundation is a separate nonprofit corporation established with the express purpose of promoting and assisting the educational program of the District in accordance with the mission, policies and priorities of the District. The Foundation Board of Directors is selected independent of any District Governing Board elections. The Foundation Board is responsible for approving its own budget and related accounting and finance activities. Separate financial statements for this entity can be obtained through the District.

California State University Dominguez Hills Foundation: The Foundation is a separate nonprofit corporation. The Foundation Board of Directors is elected independent of any District Governing Board appointments. The Foundation Board is responsible for approving its own budget and accounting and finance related activities. The Foundation supports some functions of the California Academy of Mathematics and Science (CAMS) – a high school under the jurisdiction of the District.

Charter Schools: Clear Passage Educational Center, and Intellectual Virtues Academy - These charter schools receive funding directly from other government agencies and have a separate governing board. Separate financial statements for these entities can be obtained through the District.

NOTE 2 BUDGETS

By state law, the District Board of Education must approve a budget no later than July 1, using the Single Adoption Budget process. A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The District Board of Education satisfied these requirements. Budgets for all governmental funds were adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP.

These budgets are revised by the District Board of Education during the year to give consideration to unanticipated income and expenditures. The original and final revised budget for the General Fund is presented in a budgetary comparison schedule in the required supplementary section.

Formal budgetary integration was employed as a management control device during the year for all budgeted funds. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object account.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial risk. As of June 30, 2021, \$14,885,966 of the District's bank balance of \$15,936,852 was exposed to credit risk as follows:

District's Bank Balance

Uninsured and Collateral Held by Pledging Bank's
Trust Department Not in the District's Name
Uninsured and Uncollateralized
Total

\$ 14,198,788 687,178 \$ 14,885,966

Cash in County

In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the Los Angeles County Treasury as part of the common investment pool. The District is considered an involuntary participant in the investment pool. These pooled funds are recorded at amortized cost which approximates fair value. Fair value of the pooled investments at June 30, 2021 is measured at 99.43894% of amortized cost. The District's deposits in the fund are considered to be highly liquid.

The county is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California Government Code Sections 53534, 53601, 53635, and 53648. The county is restricted to invest in time deposits, U.S. government securities, state registered warrants, notes or bonds, State Treasurer's investment pool, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit, and repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements. The funds maintained by the county are either secured by federal depository insurance or are collateralized. The county investment pool is not required to be rated. Interest earned is deposited quarterly into participating funds. Any investment losses are proportionately shared by all funds in the pool.

The county investment pool is not registered as an investment company with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) nor is it an SEC Rule 2a7-like pool. California Government Code statutes and the County Board of Supervisors set forth the various investment policies that the Country Treasurer follow. The method used to determine the value of the participant's equity withdrawn is based on the book value, which is amortized cost, of the participant's percentage participation on the date of such withdrawals.

The pool sponsor's annual financial report may be obtained from the Los Angeles County Public Affairs Office, Kenneth Hahn Hall of Administration, 500 W. Temple St, Room 358, Los Angeles, CA 90012.

Other Current Assets - Investments

The District is authorized to invest funds by California Government Code Sections noted above and maintains investments in the associated student activity funds in a mutual fund with current maturities. The cost and fair value at June 30, 2021 is \$418,691 and \$688,098, respectively. The investment is uninsured and uncollateralized.

NOTE 4 INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund activity has been eliminated in the Government-wide statements. The following balances and transactions are reported in the fund financial statements.

Interfund Receivables/Payables

Individual interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2021 are temporary loans and are detailed as follows:

	Interfund	Interfund
<u>Fund</u>	Receivables	Payables
General Fund	\$ 12,267,628	\$ -
Building Fund	-	251,588
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Adult Education Fund	-	93,414
Child Development Fund	-	4,068,986
Cafeteria Fund	-	7,838,303
Proprietary Fund - Self-Insurance Fund		15,337
Total	\$ 12,267,628	\$ 12,267,628

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers consist of operating transfers from funds receiving revenue to funds through which the resources are to be expended. During the fiscal year 2020-21, the following transfers occurred between governmental funds and activities:

Transfer from the County Schools Facility Fund to the Building Fund to reimburse project expenditures with State Grant funds

\$ 33,250,569

NOTE 5 FUND BALANCES

The following amounts were nonspendable, restricted, assigned or unassigned as shown below:

	General Fund		5		G 	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Nonspendable:									
Cash in Revolving Fund	\$	392,050	\$	-	\$	1,440	\$	393,490	
Stores Inventory		899,577		-		1,007,689		1,907,266	
Prepaid Expenditures		1,445,350				10,269		1,455,619	
Total Nonspendable		2,736,977		-		1,019,398		3,756,375	
Restricted:									
Legally Restricted Programs		91,722,004		284,412,698		516,613		376,651,315	
Student Body Activities						6,367,602		6,367,602	
Capital Projects		-		-		33,138,132		33,138,132	
Child Development Program		-		-		3,146,046		3,146,046	
Cafeteria Program		-		-		6,342,629		6,342,629	
Debt Service						91,646,749		91,646,749	
Total Restricted		91,722,004		284,412,698		141,157,771		517,292,473	
Committed:									
Other Committed		42,100,000				<u>-</u>		42,100,000	
Total Committed		42,100,000		-		-		42,100,000	
Assigned:									
Other Assignments		50,094,471						50,094,471	
Total Assigned		50,094,471		-		-		50,094,471	
Unassigned:									
Economic Uncertainties		18,577,541		-		-		18,577,541	
Unassigned		255,363,562						255,363,562	
Total Unassigned		273,941,103		-				273,941,103	
					-				
Total Fund Balance	\$	460,594,555	\$	284,412,698	\$	142,177,169	\$	887,184,422	

NOTE 6 CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECATION - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 is shown below.

	Balance July 1, 2020		Additions		Retirements		Balance June 30, 2021
Capital Assets Not Being							
Depreciated:							
Land	\$	113,922,550	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 113,922,550
Construction in Progress		578,050,721		111,390,634		(184,870,968)	504,570,387
Total Capital Assets Not						<u> </u>	
Being Depreciated		691,973,271		111,390,634		(184,870,968)	618,492,937
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:							
Land Improvements		59,772,021		1,174,708		-	60,946,729
Buildings and Improvements		1,312,868,775		180,515,503		-	1,493,384,278
Books and Media in Library		17,679,077		-		(69,897)	17,609,180
Stage & Auditorium		-		67,232		-	67,232
Vehicles		14,873,513		558,749		(17,248)	15,415,014
Machinery and Equipment		46,203,305		1,191,288		(291,012)	47,103,581
Total Capital Assets Being							
Depreciated		1,451,396,691		183,507,480		(378,157)	1,634,526,014
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Land Improvements		(24,805,832)		(2,294,881)		-	(27,100,713)
Buildings and Improvements		(447,718,844)		(24,117,716)		-	(471,836,560)
Books and Media in Library		(17,679,078)		-		69,897	(17,609,181)
Vehicles		(12,533,759)		(652,746)		17,248	(13,169,257)
Machinery and Equipment		(40,477,223)		(1,296,641)		259,551	(41,514,313)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(543,214,736)		(28,361,984)		346,696	(571,230,024)
Depreciable Assets, Net		908,181,955		155,145,496		(31,461)	1,063,295,990
Governmental Activities Capital							
Assets, Net	\$	1,600,155,226	\$	266,536,130	\$	(184,902,429)	\$ 1,681,788,927

Depreciation expense was allocated to the following functions:

Government Activities		
Instruction	\$	24,188,486
Instruction - Related Services		66,158
Pupil Services		115,437
General Administration		849,430
Plant Services		3,142,473
Net Governmental Activities		
Depreciation Expense	_ \$	28,361,984

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES

A schedule of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2021 is shown below.

	Balance					Balance	P	Amount Due
	 July 1, 2020	Additions		Reductions	June 30, 2021		in One Year	
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 1,473,970,702	\$	-	\$ 63,381,000	\$	1,410,589,702	\$	56,215,000
Capital Appreciation Interest	38,119,606		7,075,895	-		45,195,501		-
Premium on General								
Obligation Bonds	92,312,702		-	16,900,255		75,412,447		-
Total General Obligation								
Bonds	1,604,403,010		7,075,895	80,281,255		1,531,197,650		56,215,000
Compensated Absences	13,045,260		518,883	-		13,564,143		10,851,315
Net Other Postemployment								
Benefits	425,718,817		25,513,149	-		451,231,966		13,118,330
Net Pension Liability	922,386,344		40,534,755	 		962,921,099		
Total	\$ 2,965,553,431	\$	73,642,682	\$ 80,281,255	\$	2,958,914,858	\$	80,184,645
Net Pension Liability	\$ 922,386,344	\$	40,534,755	\$ - - 80,281,255	\$	962,921,099	\$	-

Compensated absences and net OPEB obligations are liquidated by the General Fund. Pension liabilities are liquidated by the funds reporting salaries. General obligation bond liabilities are liquidated through property tax collections as administered by the County Office of Auditor–Controller through the Debt Service Fund.

NOTE 8 LEASES

Operating Leases

The District has entered into various operating leases for equipment with lease terms in excess of one year. None of these agreements contain purchase options. Future minimum lease payments under these agreements are as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>		Amount
2022	\$	857,263
2023		791,580
2024		518,391
2025		200,870
2026		98,565
Thereafter	<u> </u>	2,381
Total	\$	2,469,050

Current year expenditures for operating leases is approximately \$800 thousand. The District will receive no sublease rental revenues nor pay any contingent rentals for these properties.

NOTE 9 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

Measure A Series

On March 30, 1999, the District voters approved the issuance of \$295,000,000 of general obligation bonds under the provisions of Title 1, Division 1, Part 10, Chapter 2 of the State of California Education Code, commencing with 15100. The District has offered the following general obligation bonds for sale: Series A for \$25,000,000 (July 15, 1999), Series B for \$30,000,000 (July 1, 2000), Series C for \$60,000,000 (August 1, 2001), Series D for \$40,000,000 (May 1, 2002), Series E for \$60,000,000 (May 1, 2003), Series F of \$50,000,000 (June 1, 2004), and Series G \$14,345,000 of current interest bonds and \$15,650,606 of capital appreciation bonds (July 17, 2008). The bonds were issued to finance various capital improvements in particular to upgrade outdated heating, plumbing, ventilation and electrical systems, rehabilitate 50 year old classrooms, repair leaky roofs, upgrade classroom electrical systems for computers, and build new classrooms and schools to eliminate overcrowding and allow students to attend neighborhood schools.

Refunding Bond Series

On July 17, 2008, the District issued 2008 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series A of \$38,320,000 current interest bonds. The bonds were issued to refund certain outstanding general obligation bonds Series A through D of the District and to pay the costs of issuance associated with the Refunding Bonds.

On April 7, 2009, the District issued 2009 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series B of \$28,465,000 current interest bonds. The bonds were issued to refund certain outstanding general obligation bonds Series A through C of the District and to pay the costs of issuance associated with the Refunding Bonds.

On February 3, 2010, the District issued 2010 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series A of \$51,720,000 serial and term bonds. The bonds were issued to refund certain outstanding general obligation bonds Series A and C through F of the District and to pay the costs of issuance associated with the Refunding Bonds.

On April 19, 2011, the District issued 2011 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series D of \$11,330,000 current interest serial bonds. The bonds were issued to refund certain outstanding general obligation bonds Series E of the District and to pay the cost of issuance associated with the Refunding Bonds.

On March 27, 2012, the District issued 2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series E of \$81,780,000 serial bonds. The bonds were issued to refund all of the District's outstanding general obligation bonds, Series C through E, to advance refund a portion of Series F and pay the costs of issuance associated with the Refunding Bonds.

NOTE 9 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (CONTINUED)

Refunding Bond Series (Continued)

On April 14, 2016, the District issued 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds of \$139,370,000. The bonds were issued to advance refund certain outstanding general obligation bonds, Series G (Measure A) and Series A (Measure K) and certain outstanding general obligation refunding bonds 2008 refunding and Series B refunding and to pay the costs of issuance associated with the Refunding Bonds.

The difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount on refunded debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the life of the new debt. Payments to the refunding escrow agent exceeded the existing carrying value of the refunded debt by \$3,102,565 (2010 Refunding), \$1,729,692 (2012 Refunding) and \$13,362,567 (2016 Refunding). Amortization of \$1,012,136 was recognized during the 2020-21 year.

Proceeds associated with each refunding were deposited into an irrevocable escrow account for future repayment. At June 30, 2021 there were no outstanding balances due to be paid by the escrow agent in relation to the refunded bonds.

Measure K Series

On November 4, 2008, the voters approved the issuance of bonds, not to exceed \$1,200,000,000. Bonds issued under this measure will be used to finance the acquisition, construction, rehabilitation, and equipping of classrooms and school facilities within the District, and to pay the costs of issuing each series.

On April 7, 2009, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Election 2008, Series A of \$260,000,000 serial and term bonds. The bonds were issued for the purpose of refunding the District's outstanding 2008 Capital Project Notes in addition to financing anticipated capital projects of the District.

On April 19, 2011, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Election 2008, Series B and B–1 of \$3,020,686 capital appreciation serial bonds and \$72,406,000 of Qualified School Construction Bonds. The Series B–1 bonds are being designated as "Qualified School Construction Bonds" for purposes of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009. With respect to the Series B–1 bonds, the District expects to receive, on or about each bond payment date, a cash subsidy payment from the United States Treasury equal to the amount of interest determined at a federal tax credit rate under Section 54A(b)(3) of the tax code. The District will deposit the cash subsidy with the County to be credited to the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund for debt service payments.

On May 15, 2013, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Election 2008, Series C of \$50,000,000 serial bonds.

NOTE 9 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (CONTINUED)

Measure K Series (Continued)

On February 19, 2015, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Election 2008, Series D of \$180,000,000 current interest serial bonds and Series D–1 of \$89,998,410 capital appreciation bonds.

On February 28, 2017, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Election 2008, Series E of \$150,000,000 current interest serial and term bonds.

On September 5, 2019, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Election 2008, Series F of \$150,000,000 current interest serial and term bonds.

Measure E Series

On November 8, 2016, the voters approved the issuance of bonds, not to exceed \$1,500,000,000. These bonds are being issued to finance the repair, upgrading, acquisition, construction and equipping of certain District sites and facilities and to pay the costs of issuing these bonds as authorized pursuant to Measure E.

On February 28, 2017, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Election 2016, Series A of \$300,000,000 current interest serial and term bonds.

On September 5, 2019, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Election 2016, Series B of \$300,000,000 current interest serial and term bonds.

Payments

Interest due is payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1 of each year commencing, February 1, 2009 (Series G and 2008 Refunding Bond), August 1, 2009 (Refunding Bond, Series B and Measure K, Series A), August 1, 2010 (Refunding Bond, Series A), August 1, 2011 (Refunding Bond, Series D and Measure K, Series B), August 1, 2012 (Refunding Bond, Series E), August 1, 2013 (Measure K, Series C), August 1, 2015 (Measure K, Series D), August 1, 2016 (2016 Refunding), August 1, 2018 (Measure K, Series E), August 1, 2018 (Measure E, Series A), August 1, 2020 (Measure K, Series F), and August 1, 2020 (Measure E, Series B). The principal with respect to the bonds is payable upon maturity or upon redemption in whole or in part at the corporate trust office of the Paying Agent. The bonds are issuable as fully registered bonds in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof.

Capital appreciation bonds were issued as part of the Measure A, Series G issuance with maturity dates from August 1, 2023 through 2033; capital appreciation bonds were issued as part of the Measure K, Series B issuance with maturity dates from August 1, 2034 through 2035; and capital appreciation bonds were issued as part of the Measure K, Series D–1 issuance with maturity dates from August 1, 2026 through 2039. Prior to their applicable maturity dates, each capital appreciation bond will accrete interest on the principal component, with all interest accreting through the applicable maturity date and payable only upon maturity or prior payment of the principal component.

NOTE 9 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (CONTINUED)

Payments (Continued)

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt of the District at June 30, 2021 is:

	Date of	Date of	Interest Rate	Amount of Original	Outstanding
General Obligation Bonds	Issue	Maturity	Percent	Issue	June 30, 2021
Measure A:					
Series G	7/17/2008	8/01/2033	3.50-5.44	\$ 29,995,606	\$ 15,650,606
Accreted Interest				-	14,568,468
Total Measure A				29,995,606	30,219,074
Refunding Bonds:					
2008 Refunding	7/17/2008	8/01/2022	2.57-4.28	38,320,000	1,290,000
Series B	4/07/2009	8/01/2029	3.00-5.25	28,465,000	1,305,000
Series C	2/03/2010	8/01/2029	2.50-5.125	51,720,000	27,960,000
Series D	4/19/2011	8/01/2024	3.00-5.25	11,330,000	4,705,000
Series E	3/27/2012	8/01/2033	1.00-5.00	81,780,000	79,675,000
2016 Refunding	4/14/2016	8/01/2033	3.00-5.00	139,370,000	114,150,000
Total Refunding				350,985,000	229,085,000
Measure K:					
Series A	4/07/2009	8/01/2033	3.50-5.00	260,000,000	6,145,000
Series B	4/19/2011	8/01/2035	7.26-7.33	3,020,686	3,020,686
Accreted Interest				-	6,174,996
Series B-1	4/19/2011	8/01/2025	5.314-5.914	72,406,000	68,985,000
Series C	5/15/2013	8/01/2037	1.00-4.00	50,000,000	34,010,000
Series D	2/19/2015	8/01/2043	3.00-4.00	180,000,000	159,330,000
Accreted Interest				-	24,452,037
Series D-1	2/19/2015	8/01/2039	3.33-4.31	89,998,410	89,998,410
Series E	2/28/2017	8/01/2047	4.00-5.00	150,000,000	142,765,000
Series F	9/05/2019	8/01/2047	2.75-5.00	150,000,000	147,800,000
Total Measure K				955,425,096	682,681,129
Measure E:					
Series A	2/28/2017	8/01/2047	4.00-5.00	300,000,000	216,100,000
Series B	9/05/2019	8/01/2052	3.00-5.00	300,000,000	297,700,000
Total Measure E				600,000,000	513,800,000
Total				\$ 1,936,405,702	\$ 1,455,785,203

Proceeds received in excess of debt are added to the maturity amount and amortized to interest expense over the life of the liability using the effective interest method. The Measure A, Series G and the Refunding Bonds, Refunding 2008; Series B; Series A; Series D; Series E; and Refunding 2016 included premiums of \$1,021,276; \$2,308,212; \$994,834; \$4,658,623; \$853,200; \$10,927,374; and \$25,466,795, respectively. The Measure K, Series A, Series B, Series C, Series D, Series E, and Series F bonds included premiums of \$15,098,514, \$5,279,810, \$1,159,724, \$11,079,853, \$6,781,933, and \$9,410,998, respectively. The Measure E, Series A and Series B bonds included premiums of \$19,211,780 and \$13,114,421, respectively. These amounts are amortized using the straight-line method. Amortization of \$16,900,255 was recognized during the 2020-21 year.

NOTE 9 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (CONTINUED)

Payments - Measure A Series

The annual requirements to amortize Measure A bonds payable, outstanding as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	Interest		Acc	reted Interest
2022	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
2023	-		-		-
2024	948,303		-		1,046,697
2025	1,026,241		-		1,263,759
2026	1,096,881		-		1,498,119
2027-2031	6,628,784		-		12,436,216
2032-2034	5,950,397				16,179,603
Total	\$ 15,650,606	\$	_	\$	32,424,394

Payments - Refunding Series

The annual requirements to amortize Refunding bonds payable, outstanding as of June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	 Interest
2022	\$ 22,490,000	\$ 10,264,538
2023	13,555,000	9,366,681
2024	12,525,000	8,724,231
2025	13,515,000	8,076,169
2026	14,705,000	7,369,681
2027-2031	102,580,000	22,665,572
2032-2034	 49,715,000	 2,286,575
Total	\$ 229,085,000	\$ 68,753,447

Payments - Measure K Series

The annual requirements to amortize Measure K bonds payable, outstanding as of June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	Interest		Acc	creted Interest
2022	\$ 9,690,000	\$	22,687,656	\$	-
2023	17,580,000		21,930,182		-
2024	16,190,000		20,942,746		-
2025	17,115,000		19,959,677		-
2026	18,085,000		18,920,838		-
2027-2031	36,784,854		90,838,284		16,950,154
2032-2036	50,900,973		86,748,912		65,074,028
2037-2041	130,898,269		77,564,663		72,176,722
2042-2046	252,665,000		41,285,206		-
2047-2048	 102,145,000		3,741,600		
Total	\$ 652,054,096	\$	404,619,764	\$	154,200,904

NOTE 9 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (CONTINUED)

Payments - Measure E Series

The annual requirements to amortize Measure E bonds payable, outstanding as of June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	 Interest
2022	\$ 24,035,000	\$ 18,677,775
2023	23,485,000	17,489,775
2024	-	16,902,650
2025	-	16,902,650
2026	-	16,902,650
2027-2031	10,215,000	83,643,175
2032-2036	30,415,000	78,763,975
2037-2041	66,415,000	68,251,425
2042-2046	112,495,000	51,206,950
2047-2051	164,755,000	25,653,625
2052-2053	81,985,000	2,489,475
Total	\$ 513,800,000	\$ 396,884,125

NOTE 10 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

The District administers a single employer defined benefit health care plan (the Retiree Health Plan).

As of June 30, 2021, the District's total liability for postemployment healthcare benefits consisted of the following:

	Net	Deferred	Deferred	
	OPEB	Outflows of	Inflows of	OPEB
OPEB Plan	Liability	Resources	Resources	Expense
Retiree Benefits Plan	\$ 451,231,966	\$ 33,540,264	\$ -	\$ 35,962,089

The details of the plan are as follows:

Plan Description and Eligibility

The District pays for the health benefit coverage of eligible retirees, including employees who retire on disability, who have attained the age of 55 and have worked for the District for at least 15 or 17 years depending on their bargaining unit. Their benefits are paid until the retiree reaches the age of 65 or 67, respectively. However, in the case of disability retirees, there is no age requirement and coverage is until the person reaches age 67 or for up to 39 months, whichever comes earlier.

Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the District and the bargaining unions representing employees. The health care plan does not issue a separate financial report.

NOTE 10 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Plan Description and Eligibility (Continued)

Membership in the health benefit plan consisted of the following at July 1, 2020, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

	Number of
Participant Type	Participants
Active - Fully Eligible to Receive Plan Benefits	1,329
Active - Not Fully Eligible	4,739
Inactive - Receiving Plan Benefits	778
Total	6,846

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of Plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District and District's bargaining units. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. As of June 30, 2021, the District has not established a plan or equivalent that contains an irrevocable transfer of assets dedicated to providing benefits to retirees in accordance with the terms of the Plan and that are legally protected from creditors.

OPEB Liability

Since the District has not established an irrevocable trust for the pre-funding of retiree healthcare benefits, the total OPEB Liability and Net OPEB Liability are both \$451,231,966.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actual valuation as of July 1, 2020 and rolling forward to total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021. The following actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation Data July 1, 2020 Measurement Date June 30, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age, Level Percent of Pay

Discount Rate 2.18%

Salary Increases 2.75% per annum (for normal cost and amortization of UAL) Healthcare Costs Trend 6.75% for 2021/2022; declining to 4.50% in 2030/2031 and

Rate beyond

Retiree's Share of Costs Retirees pay the balance of the premium after District

Contribution limited to the cost of "self-paid" health benefits

Mortality rates were based on the expectation that future experience under the plan will be materially consistent with the assumptions utilized in the CalSTRS and CalPERS valuations. CalSTRS mortality rates are from the 2020 experience study. The CalPERS mortality rates are from the 2017 experience study, which continue to be reasonable for use in the 2019/2020 fiscal year valuation, with consideration for the 2020 experience study.

NOTE 10 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

Deferred Outflows of Resources

The difference in the change in assumptions is amortized on a straight-line basis over the average working lifetime of active and inactive participants. For the June 30, 2021 measurement date, this period was 8.79 years. One-seventh is recognized in OPEB expense during the measurement period and the remaining amount is deferred and will be amortized over the remaining six-year period. The deferred outflows of resources is \$33,540,264 at June 30, 2021.

		Deferred
	(Outflows of
		Resources
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	2,886,519
Changes in Assumptions		30,653,745
Total	\$	33,540,264

The remaining amount will be recognized to OPEB expense as follows:

	Deferred
	Outflows of
Year Ending June 30,	Resources
2022	\$ 5,783,035
2023	5,783,035
2024	5,783,035
2025	5,783,035
2026	5,296,066
Thereafter	5,112,058
Total	\$ 33,540,264

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the OPEB liability was 2.18%, down from 2.66% which was the rate as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made at rates equal to the expected benefit payments. Because the OPEB plan is unfunded, the discount rate reflects the required use of a 20-year municipal bond yield. The S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index was used for this purpose.

NOTE 10 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Changes in the OPEB Liability

Total
OPEB
Liability
\$ 425,718,817
18,611,233
11,567,821
-
14,358,061
(19,023,966)
\$ 451,231,966

The following presents the District's OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.18%, as well as what the OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (1.18%) or 1 percentage-point higher (3.18%) than the current rate:

	rotai
	OPEB
<u>Discount Rate</u>	Liability
1% Decrease (1.18%)	\$ 481,712,907
Current Discount Rate (2.18%)	451,231,966
1% Increase (3.18%)	421,576,879

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The following presents the District's OPEB liability calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 6.75%, as well as what the OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1 percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Total
	OPEB
Healthcare Trend Rate	Liability
1% Decrease	\$ 404,384,786
Current Healthcare Trend Rates	451,231,966
1% Increase	505.528.657

OPEB Expense

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District's actuarially determined OPEB expense is \$35,962,089.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Academic employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

As of June 30, 2021, the District's net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each of the retirement plans are as follows:

		Deferred	Deferred	
	Net Pension	Outflows of	Inflows of	Pension
	Liability	Resources	Resources	Expense
CalSTRS (STRP)	\$720,033,870	\$172,251,160	\$ 40,921,107	\$150,981,614
CalPERS (Schools Pool Plan)	242,887,229	41,150,212	15,258,840	41,861,737
Total	\$962,921,099	\$213,401,372	\$ 56,179,947	\$192,843,351

The details of each plan are as follows:

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). STRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the state Teachers' Retirement Law.

Benefits Provided

The STRP provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' final compensation, age, and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation for each year of credited service. The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program, Defined Benefit Supplement Program, Cash Balance Benefit Program, and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the state is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the state is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP.

The District contributes to the STRP Defined Benefit Program and STRP Defined Benefit Supplement Program, thus disclosures are not included for the other plans.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

The STRP provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2021 are summarized as follows:

Provisions and Benefits	STRP Defined Benefit Program and Supplement Program		
Hire Date	On or Before December 31, 2012	On or After January 1, 2013	
Benefit Formula	2% at 60	2% at 62	
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 Years of Service	5 Years of Service	
Benefit Payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life	
Retirement Age	60	62	
Monthly Benefits as a Percentage of			
Eligible Compensation	2.0% - 2.4%	2.0% - 2.4%	
Required Employee Contribution Rate	10.250%	10.205%	
Required Employer Contribution Rate	16.150%	16.150%	
Required State Contribution Rate	10.328%	10.328%	

Contributions

Required member, District, and State of California contribution rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. The contributions rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial method. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2021 are presented above and the total District contributions were \$68,725,393.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for state pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

	Dalance
	June 30, 2021
District Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 720,033,870
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	
Associated with the District	371,174,541
Total	\$1,091,208,411

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts and the state, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.7430% which is a decrease of 0.0050% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$99,056,475. In addition, the District recognized revenue and corresponding expense of \$51,925,139 for contributions provided by the state. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of			Inflows of
	Resources		Resources	
Pension Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date	\$	68,725,393	\$	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		1,270,530		20,306,190
Changes of Assumptions		70,213,500		-
Changes in Proportion		14,937,877		20,614,917
Net Differences Between Projected and Actual Earnings				
on Pension Plan Investments		17,103,860		
Total	\$	172,251,160	\$	40,921,107

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. The net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments is amortized over a five year period on a straight-line basis.

All other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are amortized over the expected average remaining service life (EARSL) of the plan participants. The EARSL for the STRP for the June 30, 2020 measurement date is seven years.

The remaining amount will be recognized to pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amortization	
2022	\$	4,853,609
2023		23,465,928
2024		27,163,024
2025		9,328,628
2026		(1,672,190)
2027		(534,339)
Total	\$	62,604,660

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

<u>California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Continued)</u>

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for STRP was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2020. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2019
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020
Experience Study	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Discount Rate	7.10%
Investment Rate of Return	7.10%
Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Wage Growth	3.50%

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS investment staff and investment consultants and adopted by the CalSTRS Board in January 2020. Best estimates of 20-year geometrically linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class used as input to develop the actuarial investment rate of return are summarized in the following table:

	Assumed Asset	Long-Term Expected Real		
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return		
Public Equity	42 %	4.80 %		
Real Estate	15	3.60		
Private Equity	13	6.30		
Fixed Income	12	1.30		
Risk Mitigating Strategies	10	1.80		
Inflation Sensitive	6	3.30		
Cash/Liquidity	2	(0.40)		

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%, which was unchanged from prior fiscal year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return of 7.10% and assume that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on these assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

	Net Pension
Discount Rate	Liability
1% Decrease (6.10%)	\$1,087,870,880
Current Discount Rate (7.10%)	720,033,870
1% Increase (8.10%)	416,332,620

Changes of Assumptions

During the fiscal year of the measurement date of June 30, 2020, CalSTRS completed an experience study for the period starting July 1, 2015 and ending June 30, 2018. The experience study was adopted by the CaSTRS Board in January 2020. As a result of the study, certain assumptions used in determining the net pension liability of the STRP changed, including termination rates and service rates.

Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the STRP's plan fiduciary net position is available in a separate comprehensive annual financial report on the CalSTRS website. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS.

California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the Schools Pool Plan under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) (Continued)

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor, and the member's final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 5 years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee's eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013), and has at least 5 years of credited service. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The CalPERS provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2021, are summarized as follows:

Provisions and Benefits	Schools Pool Plan (CalPERS)				
Hire Date	On or Before December 31, 2012	On or After January 1, 2013			
Benefit Formula	2% at 55	2% at 62			
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 Years of Service	5 Years of Service			
Benefit Payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life			
Retirement Age	55	62			
Monthly Benefits as a Percentage of					
Eligible Compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%			
Required Employee Contribution Rate	7.00%	7.00%			
Required Employer Contribution Rate	20.70%	20.70%			

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are determined through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contributions rates are expressed as percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2021 are as presented above and the total District contributions were \$23,156,934.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2021, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability totaling \$242,887,229. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.7916% which is a decrease of 0.0553% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$34,705,698. In addition, the District recognized revenue and corresponding expense of \$7,156,039 for contributions provided by the state that are not considered a special funding situation and was determined by the same proportion above. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Pension Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date	\$ 23,156,934	\$ -
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	12,046,461	-
Changes of Assumptions	890,677	-
Changes in Proportion	-	15,258,840
Net Differences Between Projected and Actual Earnings		
on Pension Plan Investments	5,056,140	-
Total	\$ 41,150,212	\$ 15,258,840

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. The net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments is amortized over a five year period on a straight-line basis.

All other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are amortized over the expected average remaining service life (EARSL) of the plan participants. The EARSL for the CalPERS Schools Pool Plan for the June 30, 2020 measurement date is 4.1 years.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The remaining amount will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Amortization		
2022	\$	(438,759)		
2023		638,677		
2024		469,575		
2025		2,064,945		
Total	\$	2,734,438		

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for the Schools Pool Plan was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2020. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2019
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020
Experience Study	July 1, 1997 through June 30, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Discount Rate	7.15%
Investment Rate of Return	7.15%
Consumer Price Inflation	2.50%
Wage Growth	Varies by Entry Age and Service

Mortality assumptions are based on mortality rates resulting from the most recent CalPERS experience study adopted by the CalPERS Board. For purposes of the post-retirement mortality rates, those revised rates include 15 years of mortality improvements using 90% of scale MP 2016 published by the Society of Actuaries.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Assumed	Long-Term
	Asset	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity	50 %	5.98 %
Fixed Income	28	2.62
Real Assets	13	4.93
Private Equity	8	7.23
Liquidity	1	(0.92)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15% and reflects the long-term expected rate of return for the Schools Pool Plan net of investment expenses and without reduction for administrative expenses. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Based on these assumptions, the Schools Pool Plan fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) (Continued)

Discount Rate (Continued)

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

	Net Pension
Discount Rate	Liability
1% Decrease (6.15%)	\$ 349,194,684
Current Discount Rate (7.15%)	242,887,229
1% Increase (8.15%)	154,657,377

Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about CalPERS Schools Pool Plan fiduciary net position is available in a separate comprehensive annual financial report available on the CalPERS website. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from CalPERS.

NOTE 12 ALTERNATE PENSION PLANS

<u>Alternate Retirement System for Part–Time, Seasonal and Temporary Employees (ARS)/(PARS)</u>

Plan Description and Contribution Information

The Alternate Retirement System for Part–Time, Seasonal and Temporary Employees (ARS/PARS) is a defined contribution plan qualifying under §401(a) and §501 of the Internal Revenue Code. The plan covers part–time, seasonal and temporary employees and employees not covered by §3121(b)(7)(F) of the Internal Revenue Code. The benefit provisions and contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the ARS Plan Administrator. Eligible employees hired prior to January 1, 2002, contribute 3.75% of their covered compensation to this plan and effective November 1, 2006 the District contributes 3.75%. Eligible employees hired after January 1, 2002, contribute 7.5% of their covered compensation to this plan.

Retirees and Beneficiaries Receiving Benefits	591
Terminated Plan Members Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	27,210
Active Plan Members	2,252
Number of Participating Employers	1
Contributions by Employee for the Year	\$ 889,749
Contributions by Employer for the Year	\$ 1,574,900

NOTE 12 ALTERNATE PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Long Beach Schools Business Management Authority Retirement Plan

Plan Description and Contribution Information

In 1998, the Long Beach Unified School District approved the development of an alternate retirement system for management employees of the District. The Long Beach Schools Business Management Authority Retirement Plan (LBSBMA) is a defined benefit pension plan established as an alternative to PERS (Public Employees Retirement System). As of July 1, 2004, the plan is no longer accepting new members. The District has negotiated to have participating members reinstated in PERS. LBSBMA covered pension benefits for employees that elected to participate in the plan. Employees who qualified for the plan were classified management and supervisors. The plan was established under IRS Code 401(a).

Retirees and Beneficiaries Receiving Benefits	70
Terminated Plan Members Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	52
Active Plan Members	-
Number of Participating Employers	1
Contributions by Employee for the Year	\$ -
Contributions by Employer for the Year	\$ 350,000

The financial information for the plans is provided below as there are no separate GAAP financial statements available for them.

	ARS		PARS	L	LBSBMA	
Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments, at Fair Value:	\$	-		\$ -	\$	113,415
U.S. Government Obligations		17,666,610		14,283,550		-
Total Assets	\$	17,666,610	- '	\$ 14,283,550	\$	113,415
Additions:						
Employer	\$	1,538,116		\$ 36,784	\$	350,000
Plan Members		-	_	889,749		-
Total Contributions		1,538,116		926,533		350,000
Investment Earnings:						
Interest and Dividends		276,219	_	220,019		49
Net Investment Earnings		276,219		220,019		49
Total Additions		1,814,335		1,146,552		350,049
Deductions:						
Benefits		393,475		659,698		266,085
Administrative Expenses		123,190		102,204		983
Total Deductions		516,665		761,902		267,068
Change in Net Position		1,297,670		384,650		82,981
Net Position - Beginning of Year		16,368,940	*	13,898,900		30,434
Net Position - End of Year	\$	17,666,610	= :	\$ 14,283,550	\$	113,415

^{*} PARS statements now show "unapplied earnings". This is the difference between the monthly statements and the annual statement.

NOTE 13 SELF-INSURANCE FUND

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Through the year, the District has maintained the following self-insurance programs and accounts for them in Internal Service Funds. The District is self-insured for property and liability, health, vision, dental and workers' compensation. These funds account for and finance the uninsured portion of losses. The Deductible Insurance Fund provides general liability coverage primarily for particular property damage and bodily injury claims. The District participates in a Joint Powers Authority for claims in excess of the amount provided by the Deductible Insurance Fund and for certain other risks. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. In addition, through the Deductible Insurance Fund, the District is completely self-insured for certain other types of claims, principally related to property losses due to vandalism and natural disasters.

Through its Health, Vision and Dental Insurance Fund, the District is partially self-insured for health, vision and dental plan claims. The District maintains an excess insurance policy for health program claims.

The District is self-insured for claims related to workers' compensation. The District carries excess insurance for claims over their retention.

Payments from the applicable government fund type are made to the self-insurance fund in amounts needed to pay the estimated claims as well as fund future obligations.

Liabilities for loss and loss adjustment expenses for each Internal Service Fund are based on the ultimate cost of settling the claims which include the accumulation of estimates for losses reported prior to the balance sheet date and an estimate of losses incurred but not reported. Such liabilities, which are discounted at 1.3%, are estimates of future expected settlement and are based upon analysis of historical patterns of the number of incurred claims and their values. Individual reserves are continuously monitored and reviewed, and as settlements are made, or reserves adjusted, differences are reflected in current operations.

NOTE 13 SELF-INSURANCE FUND (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2021, the District accrued the claims liability in accordance with GAAP which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The liability is estimated at \$40,877,553. The Self Insurance Funds currently have a combined positive fund balance of \$45,922,575. This is largely due to workers' compensation balances. Changes in the reported liability are shown below:

	Current Year Beginning Claims and Fiscal Year Changes in Claim							Ending Fiscal Year		
Reported Liability		Liability	Estimates Payments		Liability					
Worker's Compensation	\$	29,553,670	\$	3,912,680	\$	8,094,843	\$	25,371,507		
Deductible Insurance		4,438,521		3,721,255		4,250,089		3,909,687		
Health, Vision, and Dental		10,579,892		60,693,040		59,676,573		11,596,359		
Total	\$	44,572,083	\$	68,326,975	\$	72,021,505	\$	40,877,553		

NOTE 14 JOINT POWERS AGREEMENTS

The District participates in two joint powers agreement (JPA) entities, the Alliance of Schools for Collective Insurance Programs (ASCIP) and the Schools Excess Liability Fund (SELF). The relationship between the District and the JPAs is such that neither of the JPAs are a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes, as explained below.

ASCIP arranges for and provides property and liability insurance for its member districts. Long Beach Unified School District pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested.

SELF arranges for and provides a self–funded or additional insurance for excess liability funding for approximately 1,250 public educational agencies. SELF is governed by a board comprised of 17 elected voting members, elected alternates and two ex-officio members. The board controls the operations of SELF, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by the members beyond their representation on the board. Each member pays an annual premium based upon the amounts calculated by SELF's board of directors and shares surpluses and deficits proportionate to its participation in SELF.

Each JPA is independently accountable for its fiscal matters. Budgets are not subject to any approval other than that of the respective governing boards. Separate financial statements for each JPA may be obtained from the respective entity.

NOTE 14 JOINT POWERS AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Condensed financial information for the most recent available is as follows:

	· ·	ASCIP une 30,	.1	SELF lune 30,
	Ū	2020	·	2020
JPA Condensed Financial Information	(/	Audited)	()	Audited)
	(in t	housands)	(in t	housands)
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	537,483	\$	174,934
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		313,117		141,258
Fund Balance	\$	224,366	\$	33,676
Total Revenues	\$	294,193	\$	77,945
Total Expenditures		271,188		64,133
Total Net Change	\$	23,005	\$	13,812

NOTE 15 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The District is involved in claims and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the District's financial statements.

The District has filed a Federal Compliant seeking recover of investigation and clean-up costs associated with contaminated soil at one of the District school sites. A counterclaim has been filed as a result against the District which could result in the repayment of past costs which have not yet been estimated. Insurance may provide coverage against the counterclaims. As the outcome and cost to the District are uncertain, a liability has not been recorded in these financial statements.

State and Federal Allowances, Awards, and Grants

The District has received state and federal funds for specific purposes, including reimbursement of mandated costs, which are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursement will not be material.

County School Facilities Funds

The District is currently involved in several construction and modernization projects funded through the Office of Public School Construction. These projects are subject to future audits by the State, which may result in other adjustments to the fund.

Purchase Commitments

As of June 30, 2021, the District was committed under various capital expenditure purchase agreements for construction and modernization projects totaling approximately \$94.9 million. Projects will be funded through Bond Proceeds, State School Facilities Grants, and General Funds.

NOTE 15 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

COVID-19

The Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) has recently affected global markets, supply chains, employees of companies and our communities. Impacts to the District associated with the COVID-19 Pandemic include, but are not limited to, challenges to delivery of public education, increasing costs, disruption to cash flow associated with state apportionment deferrals and lost revenue for fee generating programs.

In response to the COVID-19 Pandemic, the district implemented distance learning for all students during fiscal year 19/20 and through the Spring of fiscal year 20/21, returning to in person learning in late Spring of 20/21 and n 21/22. In addition, the District has certified acceptance of Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES), Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (CRSSA), and American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funding appropriated for distribution to school districts in the 20/21 and 21/22 California State Budgets.

The COVID-19 Pandemic is ongoing, and the duration and severity of the outbreak and the economic and other actions that may be taken by governmental authorities to contain the outbreak or to treat its impact are uncertain. The ultimate impact of COVID-19 on the operations and finances of the District is unknown at this time. The District continues to actively monitor revenues, expenses and collection of receivables so that any further impacts can be anticipated.

The District does not currently expect that the COVID-19 Pandemic will have a material adverse effect on the District's ability to pay general obligation bonds. The source for debt service payments is tax assessments; the County Auditor-Controller's Office has not communicated a reduction in tax levies or receipts that would negatively affect the District's ability to make debt service payments.

NOTE 16 CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

The beginning net position of the statement of activities and the beginning fund balance of the nonmajor fund governmental funds in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – governmental funds, has been restated by \$6,294,066 to recognize the beginning balance of the associated student activity funds as a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Student body activity was previously reported as fiduciary activities. In addition, the standard resulted in reporting ending asset and liability balances for employee payroll withholdings in the General Fund. Amounts were previously disclosed in the financial statement notes and reported in the Payroll Clearance Fund in the District accounting software. No restatement was required as a result of implementation.



LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF BUDGETARY COMPARISON FOR THE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Actual		Actual
		ary Amounts	Amounts	(a) Fund Basis	Amounts
	Original	Final	Fund Basis	to GAAP	GAAP Basis
REVENUES					
Local Control Funding					
Formula Sources:					
State Apportionments	\$ 526,225,822	539,893,869	\$ 539,893,869	\$ -	\$ 539,893,869
Local Sources	137,060,053	181,299,913	181,299,913		181,299,913
Total Local Control Funding					
Formula Sources	663,285,875	721,193,782	721,193,782	-	721,193,782
Federal Sources	89,695,243	251,528,860	109,586,689	-	109,586,689
Other State Sources	114,195,553	210,435,417	192,998,272	-	192,998,272
Other Local Sources	21,303,705	22,097,361	18,990,109	272,387	19,262,496
Total Revenues	888,480,376	1,205,255,420	1,042,768,852	272,387	1,043,041,239
EXPENDITURES					
Certificated Salaries	384,216,256	444,110,196	408,487,752	_	408,487,752
Classified Salaries	121,556,562	133,797,749	110,506,750	_	110,506,750
Employee Benefits	260,702,910	287,275,892	282,421,030	_	282,421,030
Books and Supplies	57,332,565	198,706,825	46,687,854	_	46,687,854
Services and Other Operating			, ,		, ,
Expenditures	114,950,196	118,180,554	85,109,100	-	85,109,100
Capital Outlay	1,286,726	1,672,140	2,151,914	-	2,151,914
Other Transfers Out	700,000	700,000	656,692	-	656,692
Direct Support - Indirect Cost	(1,191,466)	(1,580,865)	(1,238,416)	-	(1,238,416)
Total Expenditures	939,553,749	1,182,862,491	934,782,676		934,782,676
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (51,073,373)	\$ 22,392,929	107,986,176	272,387	108,258,563
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			302,513,908	49,822,084	352,335,992
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$ 410,500,084	\$ 50,094,471	\$ 460,594,555

⁽a) Amounts presented are the result of the District including activity of the Special Reserve Fund. (See Note 1)

LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

Total OPEB Liability - Retiree Health Plan	 2018 2019		2020		2021		
Balance - Beginning of Year	\$ 366,781,522	\$	380,699,585	\$	412,375,392	\$	425,718,817
Changes for the Year:							
Service Cost	15,409,183		15,402,863		15,013,009		18,611,233
Interest Cost	11,693,783		11,527,991		11,662,775		11,567,821
Difference Between Expected and Actual							
Experience	-		-		3,885,314		-
Changes in Assumptions	4,123,259		23,396,124		1,647,701		14,358,061
Expected Benefit Payments	 (17,308,162)		(18,651,171)		(18,865,374)		(19,023,966)
Net Changes	 13,918,063		31,675,807		13,343,425		25,513,149
Balance - End of Year	\$ 380,699,585	\$	412,375,392	\$	425,718,817	\$	451,231,966
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 472,449,675	\$	454,738,453	\$	484,834,765	\$	469,198,672
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	81%		91%		88%		96%

Note: Accounting standards require presentation of 10 years of information. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule as future data becomes available.

LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY MEASUREMENT PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30,

CalSTRS - STRP	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.7430%	0.7480%	0.7410%	0.7320%	0.7810%	0.7490%	0.7580%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 720,033,870	\$ 675,563,680	\$ 681,030,870	\$ 676,953,600	\$ 631,680,610	\$ 504,256,760	\$ 442,952,460
Associated with the District	371,174,541	368,568,064	389,923,935	400,483,293	359,657,447	266,695,523	267,476,506
Total	\$1,091,208,411	\$1,044,131,744	\$1,070,954,805	\$1,077,436,893	\$ 991,338,057	\$ 770,952,283	\$ 710,428,966
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 393,600,000	\$ 405,800,000	\$ 411,000,000	\$ 398,500,000	\$ 387,000,000	\$ 362,000,000	\$ 331,000,000
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	183%	166%	166%	170%	163%	139%	134%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	72%	73%	71%	69%	70%	74%	77%
CalPERS - Schools Pool Plan	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.7916%	0.8469%	0.8679%	0.9112%	0.9380%	0.9607%	0.9870%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liabilit	y \$242,887,229	\$246,822,664	\$213,409,463	\$217,527,489	\$185,255,580	\$141,608,128	\$112,048,432
District's Covered Payroll	\$114,700,000	\$115,900,000	\$117,700,000	\$120,600,000	\$116,000,000	\$110,000,000	\$100,600,000
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liabilit as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	y 212%	213%	181%	180%	160%	129%	111%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	70%	70%	71%	72%	74%	79%	83%

Note: Accounting standards require presentation of 10 years of information. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule as future data becomes available.

The amounts are reported as of the previous fiscal year to align with the measurement date of the net pension liability.

See accompanying Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30,

CalSTRS - STRP	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Contractually	\$ 68,725,393	\$ 67,313,621	\$ 66,065,034	\$ 59,320,089	\$ 50,113,529	\$ 41,474,018	\$ 32,113,470
Required Contribution	68,725,393	67,313,621	66,065,034	59,320,089	50,113,529	41,474,018	32,113,470
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's Covered Payroll	\$425,500,000	\$393,600,000	\$405,800,000	\$411,000,000	\$398,500,000	\$387,000,000	\$362,000,000
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	16.15%	17.10%	16.28%	14.43%	12.58%	10.73%	8.88%
Note: Accounting standards require presentation of 10	years of information.	. However, the info	ormation in this so	chedule is not req	uired to be preser	nted retroactively.	
Note: Accounting standards require presentation of 10 Years will be added to this schedule as future da CalPERS - Schools Pool Plan	ta becomes availabl	le.			·	•	2015
Years will be added to this schedule as future dated and CalPERS - Schools Pool Plan Contractually Required Contribution	•		2019 \$ 20,933,250	2018 \$ 18,282,328	2017 \$ 16,755,293	2016 \$ 13,710,319	2015 \$ 12,951,826
Years will be added to this schedule as future da CalPERS - Schools Pool Plan	ta becomes availabl	le. 2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	
Years will be added to this schedule as future dated and CalPERS - Schools Pool Plan Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Contractually	ta becomes availabl 2021 \$ 23,156,934	\$ 22,625,269	2019 \$ 20,933,250	2018 \$ 18,282,328	2017 \$ 16,755,293	2016 \$ 13,710,319	\$ 12,951,826
Years will be added to this schedule as future dated and CalPERS - Schools Pool Plan Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	ta becomes availabl 2021 \$ 23,156,934	\$ 22,625,269 22,625,269	2019 \$ 20,933,250 20,933,250	2018 \$ 18,282,328 18,282,328	2017 \$ 16,755,293 16,755,293	2016 \$ 13,710,319 13,710,319	\$ 12,951,826

Note: Accounting standards require presentation of 10 years of information. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule as future data becomes available.

LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Budgetary Comparison for the General Fund

A budgetary comparison is presented for the general fund. This schedule presents the budget as originally adopted, the revised budget as of the fiscal year end, actual amounts at fiscal yearend, and any adjustments needed to present the amounts in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Schedule of Changes in the District's Total Postemployment Healthcare Benefits Liability and Related Ratios

The schedule is intended to show trends about the changes in the District's actuarially determined liability for postemployment healthcare benefits other than pensions. In the future, as data becomes available, 10 years of information will be presented.

The District has not established a plan or equivalent that contains an irrevocable transfer of assets dedicated to providing benefits to retirees in accordance with the terms of the Plan and that are legally protected from creditors.

Benefit changes - None

Changes of Assumptions:

2020-21:

Discount Rate decreased from 2.66% to 2.18%

Health Care Trend Rate decreased from 7% to 6.75% in the 2020/21 fiscal year grading down to 4.5% rather than 5.0%

Morbidity rates, which are based on the June 2013 Society of Actuaries Study were updated to reflect current demographics of the covered population.

Mortality, termination, retirements and disability assumptions for certificated participants were updated to reflect he CalSTRS 2020 experience study.

2019-20:

Discount Rate decreased from 2.79% to 2.66%

LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (CONTINUED)

<u>Schedules of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – CalSTRS (STRP) and CalPERS (Schools Pool Plan)</u>

The schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, the plans' fiduciary net position and, when applicable, the state's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District. In the future, as data becomes available, 10 years of information will be presented.

Benefit changes – None

Changes of Assumptions:

2019-20

CalSTRS Board adopted a new experience study which updated assumptions for termination rates and service rates.

2018-19

CalPERS Board adopted new mortality assumptions for the plan. Assumption for inflation rate was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%. Assumption for individual salary increases and overall payroll growth was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

2017-18

CalSTRS Board adopted new mortality assumptions and new mortality tables for the plan. Assumption for inflation rate was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%. Assumption for payroll growth was reduced from 3.75% to 3.50%.

CalPERS applied a new discount rate decreasing the rate from 7.65% to 7.15%.

2015-16

CalPERS applied a new discount rate increasing the rate from 7.50% to 7.65%.

Schedules of District Contributions – CalSTRS (STRP) and CalPERS (Schools Pool Plan)

The schedule presents information on the District's required contribution, the amounts actually contributed and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution. In the future, as data becomes available, 10 years of information will be presented.

NOTE 2 EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

Excesses of expenditures over appropriations, by major object accounts, occurred in the General Fund for the following major objects:

Capital Outlay \$ 479,774



LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The District began operations as a newly formed unified district on July 1, 1945. During the current year, the District educates over 67,000 students in eighty-three (83) K-12 schools, one adult school, and two (2) charter schools in the cities of Long Beach, Signal Hill, Santa Catalina Island, the major portion of Lakewood, and unincorporated territory in Los Angeles County. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year.

Beginning in 2020, the general election for elective officers of the city of Long Beach (including members of the District Board of Education) was changed from the June general election date to the new November statewide general election date.

For the transition, a one-time adjustment was made to the terms of office for the those board members elected in the 2016 election; their terms were extended by five months (July to December) to match them with the new election cycle, as permitted by California Elections Code section 10404.5(g).

The District Board of Education and the District Administrators for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 were as follows:

DISTRICT BOARD OF EDUCATION

<u>Member</u>	<u>Office</u>	<u>Term Expires</u>
Diana Craighead	President	December 2022
Megan Kerr	Vice President	December 2022
Dr. Juan Benitez	Member	December 2022
Doug Otto	Member	December 2024
Erik Miller	Member	December 2024

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS

Dr. Jill Baker Superintendent

Dr. Tiffany Brown

Yumi Takahashi

Deputy Superintendent of Schools

Chief Business and Financial Officer

LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Number of Days Traditional

Grade Level	Calendar Calendar	Status		
Kindergarten	180	In Compliance		
Grade 1	180	In Compliance		
Grade 2	180	In Compliance		
Grade 3	180	In Compliance		
Grade 4	180	In Compliance		
Grade 5	180	In Compliance		
Grade 6	180	In Compliance		
Grade 7	180	In Compliance		
Grade 8	180	In Compliance		
Grade 9	180	In Compliance		
Grade 10	180	In Compliance		
Grade 11	180	In Compliance		
Grade 12	180	In Compliance		

LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Assistance Listing	Pass-Through Entity Identifying	Total Program	Amounts Passed Through to
Program Name	Number	Number	Expenditures	Subrecipients
United States Department of Agriculture				
Pass-Through Program From California				
Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:	10.555	13523	\$ 76,739	\$ -
National School Lunch Program	10.553	13525	3,600	Φ -
Child Nutrition Program-Basic Breakfast Child Nutrition Program-Especially Needy Breakfast	10.553	13526	1,348	-
Donated Food Commodities	10.555	(1)	3,383,698	-
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	(1)	14,519,891	-
Federal Snack Program	10.555	(1)	16,601	-
Subtotal: Child Nutrition Cluster	10.555	(1)	18,001,877	
Cash in Lieu of Commodities	10.558	13534	506,833	
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	13529	9,248,832	
Subtotal: CFDA # 10.558	10.550	10029	9,755,665	
Total: United States Department of Agriculture			27,757,542	
Total. Officed States Department of Agriculture			21,101,042	
United States Department of Defense				
Reserve Officer Training Corp (ROTC)	12.000	(1)	215,914	
Total: United States Department of Defense			215,914	
United States Department of Treasury				
Pass-Through Program From California Department of Education:				
COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation	21.019	25516	56,026,484	_
Total United States Department of Treasury	21.010	20010	56,026,484	
Total Office States Department of Treasury			00,020,404	
United States Department of Education				
Indian Education	84.060	(1)	5,713	
Subtotal: Direct Programs			5,713	
Pass-Through Program From California				
Department of Education:				
Special Education Cluster:				
IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement	84.027	13379	11,438,073	_
IDEA Basic Local Assist - Private School	84.027	10115	223,898	_
We Can Work Grant	84.027	(1)	77,757	_
IDEA Mental Health Allocation Plan, Part B Sec 611	84.027A	14468	801,500	_
Subtotal: CFDA # 84.027			12,541,228	
Federal Preschool Grant	84.173	13430	314,528	
Preschool Staff Development	84.173A	13431	3,584	_
Alternative Dispute Resolution	84.173A	13007	16,693	_
Subtotal: CFDA # 84.173			334,805	
Subtotal: Special Education Cluster			12,876,033	
Adult Education:				
Adult Basic Education and ESL	84.002A	14508	149,774	_
Adult Secondary Education	84.002A	13978	233,284	_
English Literacy and Civics Education	84.002A	14109	64,960	_
Subtotal: Adult Education			448,018	
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF):				
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency				
Relief (ESSER I)	84.425D	15536	6,921,118	-
COVID-19 - Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER)	84.425C	15517	74,118	-
COVID-19 - Child Nutrition: CRRSA Act - Supplemental Meal	84.425D	15535	435,331	-
Subtotal: Education Stabilization Fund			7,430,567	-
Title I, Part A:				
Title I, Part A - Low Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	22,194,369	-
Title I, Part A - Parent Involvement	84.010	14329	392,370	-
Subtotal: Title I, Part A			22,586,739	-
Title II, Part A - Improving Teach Quality	84.367	14341	3,019,330	
Title III:			,	
Title III -Immigrant Student Program	84.365	15146	89,038	-
Title III - Limited English Proficiency	84.365	14346	1,066,170	-
Subtotal: Title III			1,155,208	

LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Assistance Listing	Pass-Through Entity Identifying	Total Program	Amounts Passed Through to
Program Name	Number	Number	Expenditures	Subrecipients
United States Department of Education (Continued)				
Migrant Education:				
Migrant Education	84.011	14838	\$ 243,791	\$ -
Migrant Education Summer Program	84.011	10005	50,896	-
Migrant Education Even Start (MEES)	84.011	14768	24,217	
Subtotal: Migrant Education			318,904	
Early Intervention	84.181	23761	264,596	
Title IV:				
Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic				
Enrichment Grants	84.424	15396	1,489,183	-
Title IV, Part B, 21st Century Learning Centers	84.287	14349	474,908	
Subtotal: Title IV			1,964,091	
Career and Technical Education:				
Career and Technical Education - Adult	84.048	14893	9,184	-
Career and Technical Education - Secondary	84.048	14894	500,055	
Subtotal: Career and Technical Education			509,239	
Subtotal: Pass-Through Programs From				
California Department of Education			50,572,725	
Pass-Through Program From California				
Department of Rehabilitation:				
Workability II, Transition Partnership	84.158	10006	590,211	_
Subtotal: Pass-Through From California	04.100	10000	000,211	
Department of Rehabilitation			590,211	_
Total: United States Department of Education			51,168,649	
Total. Officed Otates Department of Education			01,100,043	
United States Department of Health and Human Services				
Head Start Direct Programs:				
Head Start	93.600	(1)	57,980	-
Head Start-Early	93.600	(1)	7,034,497	-
Head Start-Basic Grant	93.600	(1)	18,200,950	-
Head Start-Training & Tech Assistance	93.600	(1)	212,377	-
COVID-19 Head Start - Early ARRA	93.600	(1)	148,078	-
COVID-19 Head Start - ARRA	93.600	(1)	571,999	
Subtotal: Head Start Direct Programs			26,225,881	
Pass-Through Program From California Department of Education:				
Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) Cluster:				
Federal Child Care	93.596	13609	585,306	-
Federal Alternative Payment	93.575	13694	1,127,126	-
CARES Act General Child Care and Development	93.575	15549	124,240	
Subtotal: Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) Cluster			1,836,672	
Pass-Through Program From California				
Department of Health and Human Services:				
Medicaid Cluster:				
Medi-Cal Billing Option	93.778	10013	560,783	
Subtotal: Medicaid Cluster			560,783	
Total: United States Department of Health				
and Human Services			28,623,336	
Total Federal Programs			\$ 163,791,925	\$ -
			55,751,020	Ŧ

LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Program Name	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Total Program Expenditures		nounts Passed Through to Subrecipients
Reconciliation to Federal Revenue					
Total Federal Program Expenditures			\$ 163,791,925	\$	-
Revenues in Excess of Expenditures Related					
to Federal Entitlements:					
Medi-Cal - Administrative (MAA)	93.778	10600	1,760,075		-
Medi-Cal Billing Option	93.778	10013	738,136		-
(CRRSA) Act - One-time Stipend	93.575	15555	633,386		-
Cash in Lieu of Commodities	10.558	13,389	4,612		
Other Federal Revenue:					
Qualified School Construction Bonds			3,544,151		-
Total Federal Program Revenue			\$ 170,472,285	\$	-

⁽¹⁾ Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number not readily available or not applicable

LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	2022 (Budgeted)	2021	2020	2019
Total Revenues	\$ 1,159,500,080	\$ 1,042,768,852	\$ 950,202,424	\$ 983,700,886
Total Expenditures	(1,135,114,999)	(934,782,676)	(923,772,687)	(940,735,202)
Total Other Sources (Uses)	(6,000,000)		7,144,560	6,721,986
Change in Fund Balance	18,385,081	107,986,176	33,574,297	49,687,670
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 428,885,166	\$ 410,500,085	\$ 302,513,909	\$ 268,939,612
Available Reserve	\$ 298,935,517	\$ 273,941,103	\$ 223,466,298	\$ 157,343,249
Available Reserve %	26%	29%	24%	17%
ADA	64,142	68,161	68,158	69,414
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 2,878,730,213	\$ 2,958,914,858	\$ 2,965,553,431	\$ 2,519,524,315

The amounts above are those reported as General Fund in the Annual Financial and Budget Report and do not include special revenue funds included in the General Fund of the governmental funds' financial statements.

Available reserves are those amounts reserved for economic uncertainty and any other remaining unassigned fund balance from the General Fund. For a District this size, the state recommends 2% of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District has met this requirement.

The 2022 budget is the original budget adopted on June 23, 2021.

Average daily attendance is based upon P-2.

LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Charter School Number	Charter School	Included in District Audit Report
#1504	Intellectual Virtues Academy	No
#1682	Clear Passage Educational Center	No

LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH THE AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

There	were no	differences	between	the fund	l balances	reported	on the	June 3	0, 2021	Annual	Financial
and B	udget Re	eport for the	governme	ntal fund	ds and the	audited f	inancia	l staten	nents.		

LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Instructional Time

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of article 8 (commencing with section 46200) of chapter 2 of part 26 of the Education Code.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance for all awards with the exception of Assistance Listing 21.019, which follows criteria determined by the Department of Treasury for allowability of costs. Under these principles, certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Indirect Cost Rate

The District did not use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Payments to Subrecipients

The District did not make any payments to subrecipients.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

The 2020-21 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting requires that this schedule be prepared showing financial trends of the general fund over the past three fiscal years as well as the current year budget. This report is intended to identify if the District faces potential fiscal problems and if they have met the recommended available reserve percentages.

Schedule of Charter Schools

The 2020-21 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting requires that this schedule list all charter schools chartered by the District and inform the users whether or not the charter school information is included in the District's financial statements.

LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balances of all funds as reported on the annual Financial and Budget Report form to the audited financial statements.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

District Board of Education Long Beach Unified School District Long Beach, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Long Beach Unified School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 14, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Glendora, California January 14, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

District Board of Education Long Beach Unified School District Long Beach, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Long Beach Unified School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.



Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance, for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Glendora, California January 14, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

District Board of Education Long Beach Unified School District Long Beach, California

We have audited the Long Beach Unified School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2020-21 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, published by the Education Audit Appeals Panel for the year ended June 30, 2021. The District's state compliance requirements are identified in the table provided.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the state laws and regulations as identified below.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to below. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the 2020-21 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, published by the Education Audit Appeals Panel. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the specific areas listed below has occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on state compliance. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.



Compliance Requirements Tested

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with the laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

Description	Procedures Performed
Attendance and Distance Learning	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
GANN Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	Not Applicable
Middle or Early College High Schools	Not Applicable
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Not Applicable
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	No Applicable
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Charter Schools:	
Independent Study – Course Based	No ¹
Attendance	No ¹
Mode of Instruction	No ¹
Nonclassroom Based Instruction/Independent Study	No ¹
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom Based Instruction	No ¹
Annual Instructional Minutes – Classroom Based	No ¹
Charter School Facility Grant Program	No ¹

¹Testing for Charter Schools was done by each school's respective auditor.

Opinion on State Compliance

In our opinion, the District complied with the laws and regulations of the state programs referred to above in all material respects for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on state compliance is solely to describe the results of testing based on the requirements of the 2020-21 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, published by the Education Audit Appeals Panel. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Glendora, California January 14, 2022



LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS JUNE 30, 2021

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on wheth prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Unmodified				
Internal control over financial reporting:					
Material weakness(es) identified?			Yes	<u>X</u>	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?			Yes	Χ	None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial stateme	ents noted?		Yes	X	No None Reported No
Federal Awards					
Internal control over major federal awards:					
Material weakness(es) identified?			Yes	Χ	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?			Yes	Χ	No None Reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance	ce for major federal	progran	ns:		Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are require accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	ed to be reported in		Yes	X	No
Identification of Major Federal Programs					
Assistance Listing Number	Name of Federal F	rogram	or Clust	<u>er</u>	
10.553,10.555,10.559	Child Nutrition Clus	ster			
10.558	Child and Adult Ca		•		
21.019 84.425C and 84.425D	COVID-19: Corona COVID-19:Educat				arning Loss Mitigation
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between	type A and type B	progran	ns:		\$3,000,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Χ	Yes		No

LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

All audit findings must be identified as one or more of the following categories:

Five Digit Code	Finding Types
10000	Attendance
20000	Inventory of Equipment
30000	Internal Control
40000	State Compliance
42000	Charter School Facilities Programs
43000	Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction
50000	Federal Compliance
60000	Miscellaneous
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan
70000	Instructional Materials
71000	Teacher Misassignments
72000	School Accountability Report Card

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS RELATED TO FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2021

FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).

LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS RELATED TO STATE AWARDS JUNE 30, 2021

STATE COMPLIANCE FINDINGS

There were no findings and questioned costs related to state awards for the year ended June 30, 2021

LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2021

There were no finding	gs and q	uestioned	costs	related	to the	basic	financial	statements,	federal	awards
or state awards for the	e prior ye	ear.								

